Palmdale, California

# **Annual Financial Report**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015



# Palmdale Water District Annual Financial Report For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Palmdale Water District Palmdale, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Palmdale Water District (District), which comprise the balance sheets as of, December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Directors of Palmdale Water District Palmdale, California

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

#### Net Pension Liability

The deficit unrestricted net position in the amount of (\$8,596,552) and (\$6,946,757) for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, resulted from the reporting of the District's net pension lability and pension-related debt – CalPERS side-fund as discussed in Note 11. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District's net pension liability and pension-related debt – CalPERS side-fund combined amounted to \$8,685,489 and \$6,727,908, respectively. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 7 through 13 and the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Plan's Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of the District's Contributions to the Pension Plan, and the Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan on pages 63 through 65, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The Schedules of Debt Service Net Revenues Coverage on page 69 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

To the Board of Directors of Palmdale Water District Palmdale, California

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 15, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California

May 15, 2017

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# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors of Palmdale Water District Palmdale, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the balance sheets of Palmdale Water District (District) as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 15, 2017.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

To the Board of Directors of Palmdale Water District Palmdale, California Page 2

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Santa Ana, California

May 15, 2017

# Palmdale Water District Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of activities and financial performance of Palmdale Water District (District) provides an introduction to the financial statements of the District for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes, which follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- In 2016, the District's net position decreased (1.63%) or (\$1,581,590) from the prior year's net position of \$96,645,100 to \$95,063,510, as a result of this year's operations.
- In 2015, the District's net position decreased (2.61%) or (\$2,764,671) from the prior year's net position of \$105,637,337 to \$102,872,666, as a result of this year's operations. Also, the District recorded a prior period adjustment of (\$6,227,566) to account for the implementation of GASB Nos. 68 and 71 to record the District's net pension liability on the statement of net position.
- In 2016, the District's operating revenues increased by 6.30% or \$1,338,382 from \$21,248,419 to \$22,586,801, from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in water sales commodity charge of \$1,244,148 and monthly meter service charge of \$517,986.
- In 2015, the District's operating revenues decreased by (8.97%) or (\$2,093,217) from \$23,341,636 to \$21,248,419, from the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in water sales commodity charge of (\$1,330,750) due to the California drought crisis that mandates water conservation measures.
- In 2016, the District's operating expenses before overhead absorption and depreciation expense increased by 11.74% or \$2,385,023 from \$20,319,286 to \$22,704,309, from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in source of supply water purchases or \$821,790, facilities expense or \$781,420, and administration or \$523,215.
- In 2015, the District's operating expenses before overhead absorption and depreciation expense decreased by (9.31%) or \$2,086,111 from \$22,405,397 to \$20,319,286, from the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in source of supply water purchases or (\$1,520,922) as a result of the decrease in water sales.

#### **Required Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Balance Sheet, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Statement of Cash Flows provide information about the activities and performance of the District using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies.

The Balance Sheet includes all of the District's investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing a rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. This statement measures the success of the District's operations over the past year and can be used to determine if the District has successfully recovered all of its costs through its rates and other charges. This statement can also be used to evaluate profitability and credit worthiness. The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows, which provides information about the District's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. The Statement of Cash Flows reports cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, non-capital financing, and capital and related financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### **Financial Analysis of the District**

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report information about the District in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

Also, these two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in them. You can think of the District's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the District's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, zoning and new or changed government legislation.

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

	Balance December 31, 2016	Balance December 31, 2015	Change	Balance December 31, 2014	Change
Assets:					
Current assets	\$ 21,288,561	\$ 20,417,825	\$ 870,736	\$ 26,345,253	\$ (5,927,428)
Non-current assets	724,599	1,421,189	(696,590)	65,420	1,355,769
Capital assets, net	154,023,911	154,946,564	(922,653)	153,780,266	1,166,298
Total assets	176,037,071	176,785,578	(748,507)	180,190,939	(3,405,361)
Deferred outflows of resources	4,724,093	3,684,911	1,039,182	2,791,901	893,010
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 180,761,164	\$ 180,470,489	\$ 290,675	\$ 182,982,840	\$ (2,512,351)
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities	7,927,578	7,732,125	195,453	11,463,106	(3,730,981)
Non-current liabilities	73,812,181	71,738,424	2,073,757	65,882,397	5,856,027
Total liabilities	81,739,759	79,470,549	2,269,210	77,345,503	2,125,046
Deferred inflows of resources	3,957,895	4,354,840	(396,945)	<u>-</u>	4,354,840
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	103,339,383	103,361,934	(22,551)	103,774,107	(412,173)
Restricted	320,679	229,923	90,756	65,420	164,503
Unrestricted	(8,596,552)	(6,946,757)	(1,649,795)	1,797,810	(8,744,567)
Total net position	95,063,510	96,645,100	(1,581,590)	105,637,337	(8,992,237)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$ 180,761,164	\$ 180,470,489	\$ 290,675	\$ 182,982,840	\$ (2,512,351)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$95,063,510, \$96,645,100 and \$105,637,337 as of December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

By far the largest portion of the District's net position (109% as of December 31, 2016, 107% as of December 31, 2015 and 98% as of December 31, 2014) reflects the District's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its customers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

In 2015, the District implemented GASB Statements No. 68 and 71, which the District recognized a prior period adjustment of (\$6,227,566) as of January 1, 2015. See Note12 for further information.

At the end of fiscal years 2016 and 2015 the District showed a negative (deficit) balance in its unrestricted net position of (\$8,596,552) and (\$6,946,757). At the end of fiscal year 2014 the District showed a positive balance in its unrestricted net position of \$1,797,810.

## Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Balance December 31, 2016	Balance December 31, 2015	Change	Balance December 31, 2014	Change
Operating revenues	\$ 22,586,801	\$ 21,248,419	\$ 1,338,382	\$ 23,341,636	\$ (2,093,217)
Operating expenses	(22,704,309)	(20,319,286)	(2,385,023)	(22,405,397)	2,086,111
Operating income before overhead absorption	(117,508)	929,133	(1,046,641)	936,239	(7,106)
Overhead absorption	152,890	26,134	126,756	508,818	(482,684)
Operating income before depreciation	35,382	955,267	(919,885)	1,445,057	(489,790)
Depreciation expense	(5,599,740)	(7,957,867)	2,358,127	(7,166,973)	(790,894)
Operating (loss) after depreciation	(5,564,358)	(7,002,600)	1,438,242	(5,721,916)	(1,280,684)
Non-operating revenues(expenses), net	3,441,106	3,870,448	(429,342)	2,673,535	1,196,913
Net loss before capital contributions	(2,123,252)	(3,132,152)	1,008,900	(3,048,381)	(83,771)
Capital contributions	541,662	367,481	174,181	13,548	353,933
Change in net position	(1,581,590)	(2,764,671)	1,183,081	(3,034,833)	4,217,914
Net position:  Beginning of year	96,645,100	105,637,337	(8,992,237)	108,672,170	(3,034,833)
Prior period adjustment		(6,227,566)	6,227,566		
End of year	\$ 95,063,510	\$ 96,645,100	\$ (1,581,590)	\$ 105,637,337	\$ 1,183,081

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position shows how the District's net position changed during the fiscal years. In the case of the District, the District's net position decreased from operations by (\$1,581,590), (\$2,764,671) and \$(3,034,833) for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### **Total Revenues**

	Balance aber 31, 2016	Balance nber 31, 2015	-	ncrease Decrease)	Dece	Balance mber 31, 2014	Increase Decrease)
Operating revenues:							
Water sales - commodity charge	\$ 8,196,842	\$ 6,952,694	\$	1,244,148	\$	8,283,444	\$ (1,330,750)
Water sales – wholesale	229,052	142,749		86,303		218,627	(75,878)
Monthly meter service charge	12,176,890	11,658,904		517,986		11,321,843	337,061
Water quality fees	861,502	898,134		(36,632)		1,564,800	(666,666)
Elevation fees	349,673	369,899		(20,226)		477,654	(107,755)
Other charges for services	 772,842	 1,226,039		(453,197)		1,475,268	 (249,229)
Total operating revenues	 22,586,801	21,248,419		1,338,382		23,341,636	 (2,093,217)
Non-operating:							
Property taxes - ad valorum	1,665,002	1,634,459		30,543		1,582,069	52,390
Property tax assessment for State Water Project	5,168,663	5,207,003		(38,340)		5,066,642	140,361
Successor agency component of property taxes	524,470	511,352		13,118		415,074	96,278
Rental revenue – cellular towers	120,710	-		120,710		-	-
Investment earnings	42,729	42,705		24		50,469	(7,764)
Change in investment – PRWA	90,756	164,503		(73,747)		(34,580)	199,083
Legal and insurance refunds/settlements	-	198,613		(198,613)		(490,406)	689,019
Department of Water Resources - FCR	285,255	332,957		(47,702)		221,578	111,379
Other non-operating revenues	 117,632	 88,285		29,347		79,166	 9,119
Total non-operating	 8,015,217	 8,179,877		(164,660)		6,890,012	 1,289,865
Total revenues	\$ 30,602,018	\$ 29,428,296	\$	1,173,722	\$	30,231,648	\$ (803,352)

In 2016, the District's operating revenues increased by 6.30% or \$1,338,382 from \$21,248,419 to \$22,586,801, from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in water sales – commodity charge of \$1,244,148 and monthly meter service charge of \$517,986. Also, non-operating revenues decreased (\$164,660) from the decrease of legal and insurance refunds/settlements of (\$198,613).

In 2015, the District's operating revenues decreased by (8.97%) or (\$2,093,217) from \$23,341,636 to \$21,248,419, from the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in water sales – commodity charge of (\$1,330,750) due to the California drought crisis that mandates water conservation measures. Also, non-operating revenues increased \$1,289,865 due to variety of increases in various non-operating revenue accounts.

# Palmdale Water District Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

## **Total Expenses**

	Balance nber 31, 2016	Balance mber 31, 2015	_	ncrease Decrease)	Balance mber 31, 2014	Increase Decrease)
Operating expenses:						
Source of supply - water purchases	\$ 2,464,905	\$ 1,643,115	\$	821,790	\$ 3,164,037	\$ (1,520,922)
Operations and production	3,019,029	2,767,271		251,758	5,875,735	(3,108,464)
Facilities	7,347,469	6,566,049		781,420	4,270,413	2,295,636
Engineering	1,523,294	1,348,743		174,551	1,289,492	59,251
Water conservation	347,909	587,961		(240,052)	361,146	226,815
Administration	4,738,232	4,215,017		523,215	3,794,424	420,593
Finance and customer care	3,263,471	3,191,130		72,341	 3,650,150	 (459,020)
Operating expenses before overhead absorption	22,704,309	20,319,286		2,385,023	22,405,397	(2,086,111)
Overhead absorption	 (152,890)	 (26,134)		(126,756)	 (508,818)	 482,684
Operating expenses before depreciation	22,551,419	20,293,152		2,258,267	21,896,579	(1,603,427)
Depreciation	5,599,740	7,957,867		(2,358,127)	 7,166,973	 790,894
Total operating expenses	 28,151,159	 28,251,019		(99,860)	 29,063,552	 (812,533)
Non-operating expenses:						
State Water Project amortization expense	2,362,788	2,074,524		288,264	1,934,685	139,839
Interest expense – long-term debt	 2,211,323	 2,234,905		(23,582)	 2,281,792	(46,887)
Total non-operating	 4,574,111	 4,309,429		264,682	 4,216,477	 92,952
Total expenses	\$ 32,725,270	\$ 32,560,448	\$	164,822	\$ 33,280,029	\$ (719,581)

In 2016, the District's operating expenses before overhead absorption and depreciation expense increased by 11.74% or \$2,385,023 from \$20,319,286 to \$22,704,309, from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in source of supply – water purchases or \$821,790, facilities expense or \$781,420, and administration or \$523,215. Non-operating expenses increased \$264,682 due to an increase in State Water Project amortization expense of \$288,264.

In 2015, the District's operating expenses before overhead absorption and depreciation expense decreased by (9.31%) or \$2,086,111 from \$22,405,397 to \$20,319,286, from the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in source of supply – water purchases or (\$1,520,922) as a result of the decrease in water sales. Non-operating expenses increased \$92,952 due to an increase in State Water Project amortization expense of \$139,839.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

## **Capital Asset Administration**

The District's capital assets are summarized below:

		Balance		Balance December 31, 2015		Balance
Capital assets:	Dece	December 31, 2016 December 31, 2015				December 31, 2014
Non-depreciable assets	\$	8,208,610	\$	7,961,504	\$	5,114,835
Depreciable assets		295,153,330		288,486,356		281,811,326
Accumulated depreciation		(149,338,029)		(141,501,296)		(133,145,896)
Total capital assets, net	\$	154,023,911	\$	154,946,564	\$	153,780,265

At the end of fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, the District's investment in capital assets amounted to \$154,023,911, \$154,946,564 and \$153,780,265 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. Major capital asset additions during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 amounted to \$7,039,875 and \$11,198,689 for various projects and equipment. See Note 5 for further information.

#### **Debt Administration**

The long-term debt position of the District is summarized below:

Long-term debt:	Dece	Balance mber 31, 2016	Dece	Balance mber 31, 2015	Dece	Balance mber 31, 2014
Capital lease payable – 2013	\$	47,286	\$	231,745	\$	408,930
Loan payable – 2012		8,577,741		9,660,294		10,708,715
Revenue bonds payable, net – 2013		44,941,937		45,519,066		46,091,194
Total	\$	53,566,964	\$	55,411,105	\$	57,208,839

Structured long-term debt items decreased by (\$1,844,141) and (\$1,797,734) for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, due to regular principal payments on the District's structured long-term debt items. See Note 7 for further information.

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### **Economic Conditions**

- The District will continue to be required to enforce mandatory drought restrictions of 28% until conditions change within the state.
- For 2016, the District's board of directors placed a Stage 1 drought surcharge in effect to offset lost revenue related to drought restrictions.
- Billed water consumption for the year ended December 31, 2015 was at 14,781 acre feet compared to 18,048 for the year ended December 31, 2014.
- The District continued to see an uptick in new customer sign-ups for vacant properties brought about by the 2008 recession.
- Property development in the community served by the District is showing signs of recovery.
- The District's assessed valuation has increased to \$1.66 billion for FY 2015/2016 from \$1.57 billion from FY 2014/2015.
- The District received \$1.665 million in ad valorum property tax revenue for 2016.
- The District received \$524 thousand in successor agency component property taxes for 2016.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's ratepayers and creditors with a general overview of the District's financial operations and financial condition. Should the reader have questions regarding the information included in this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact Palmdale Water District, Finance Department, at 2029 East Avenue Q, Palmdale, CA 93550 or (661) 947-4111.

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**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# Palmdale Water District Balance Sheets December 31, 2016 and 2015

ASSETS	2016	2015
Current assets:	·	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 4,412,202	\$ 7,835,005
Investments (Note 2)	8,441,547	4,408,985
Accrued interest receivable	29,664	9,616
Accounts receivable – water sales and services, net (Note 3)	1,937,314	1,409,262
Accounts receivable – property taxes and assessments	4,750,909	4,858,341
Accounts receivable – other	93,024	462,493
Materials and supplies inventory	910,548	822,866
Prepaid items	713,353	611,257
Total current assets	21,288,561	20,417,825
Non-current assets:		
Restricted – cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	403,920	1,191,266
Investment in Palmdale Recycled Water Authority (Note 4)	320,679	229,923
Capital assets – not being depreciated (Note 5)	8,208,610	7,961,504
Capital assets – being depreciated, net (Note 5)	145,815,301	146,985,060
Total non-current assets	154,748,510	156,367,753
Total assets	176,037,071	176,785,578
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred loss on debt defeasance, net (Note 7)	2,478,516	2,635,209
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability (Note 9)	2,245,577	1,049,702
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,724,093	3,684,911
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 180,761,164	\$ 180,470,489

# Palmdale Water District Balance Sheets (Continued) December 31, 2016 and 2015

LIABILITIES	2016	2015
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 815,553	\$ 535,180
Customer deposits for water service	2,968,372	3,040,524
Construction and developer deposits	1,626,017	1,553,617
Accrued interest payable	530,522	542,424
Long-term liabilities – due within one year:		
Compensated absences (Note 6)	329,375	318,368
Capital lease payable (Note 7)	47,286	184,459
Loan payable (Note 7)	1,115,453	1,082,553
Revenue bonds payable (Note 7)	495,000	475,000
Total current liabilities	7,927,578	7,732,125
Non-current liabilities:		
Long-term liabilities – due in more than one year:		
Compensated absences (Note 6)	109,793	106,123
Capital lease payable (Note 7)	-	47,286
Loan payable (Note 7)	7,462,288	8,577,741
Revenue bonds payable, net (Note 7)	44,446,937	45,044,066
Net other post-employment benefits obligation (Note 8)	13,107,674	11,235,300
Net pension liability (Note 9)	7,779,823	5,743,143
Pension-related debt – CalPERS side-fund (Note 9)	905,666	984,765
Total non-current liabilities	73,812,181	71,738,424
Total liabilities	81,739,759	79,470,549
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unearned propety taxes and assessments	3,500,000	3,550,000
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability (Note 9)	457,895	804,840
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,957,895	4,354,840
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets (Note 10)	103,339,383	103,361,934
Restricted – Palmdale Recycled Water Authority (Note 4)	320,679	229,923
Unrestricted (Deficit) (Note 11)	(8,596,552)	(6,946,757)
Total net position	95,063,510	96,645,100
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 180,761,164	\$ 180,470,489

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Operating revenues:		
Water sales – commodity charge	\$ 8,196,842	\$ 6,952,694
Water sales – wholesale	229,052	142,749
Monthly meter service charge	12,176,890	11,658,904
Water quality fees	861,502	898,134
Elevation fees	349,673	369,899
Other charges for services	772,842	1,226,039
Total operating revenues	22,586,801	21,248,419
Operating expenses:		
Source of supply – water purchases	2,464,905	1,643,115
Operations and production	3,019,029	2,767,271
Facilities	7,347,469	6,566,049
Engineering	1,523,294	1,348,743
Water conservation	347,909	587,961
Administration	4,738,232	4,215,017
Finance and customer care	3,263,471	3,191,130
Total operating expenses	22,704,309	20,319,286
Operating income(loss) before overhead absorption	(117,508)	929,133
Overhead absorption	152,890	26,134
Operating income before depreciation expense	35,382	955,267
Depreciation expense	(5,599,740)	(7,957,867)
Operating (loss)	(5,564,358)	(7,002,600)
Non-operating revenues(expenses):		
Property taxes – ad valorum	1,665,002	1,634,459
Property tax assessment for State Water Project	5,168,663	5,207,003
Successor agency component of property taxes	524,470	511,352
Rental revenue – cellular towers	120,710	-
Investment earnings	42,729	42,705
Changes in investment – Palmdale Recycled Water Authority (Note 4)	90,756	164,503
Legal and insurance refunds/settlements	-	198,613
Department of Water Resources – fixed charge recovery	285,255	332,957
Other non-operating revenues	117,632	88,285
State Water Project amortization expense	(2,362,788)	(2,074,524)
Interest expense – long-term debt	(2,211,323)	(2,234,905)
Total non-operating revenue(expense), net	3,441,106	3,870,448
Net (loss) before capital contributions	(2,123,252)	(3,132,152)
Capital contributions:		
Capital improvement fees	234,747	367,481
Federal and state capital grants	306,915	
Total capital contributions	541,662	367,481
Change in net position	(1,581,590)	(2,764,671)
Net position:		
Beginning of year, as previously reported	96,645,100	105,637,337
Prior period adjustment (Note 12)	-	(6,227,566)
End of year	\$ 95,063,510	\$ 96,645,100
•		,, -

# Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash receipts from water sales and services	\$ 22,058,997	\$ 20,980,644
Cash receipts from others	893,066	619,855
Cash paid to employees for salaries and wages	(7,245,721)	(7,206,856)
Cash paid to vendors and suppliers for materials and services	(13,066,181)	(11,160,148)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,640,161	3,233,495
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Proceeds from property taxes	2,246,904	1,937,571
Proceeds from property tax assessment for State Water Project	5,168,663	5,207,003
Acquisition of State Water Project participation rights	(4,649,693)	(4,575,111)
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	2,765,874	2,569,463
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(2,390,182)	(6,623,579)
Proceeds from capital improvement fees and capital grants	541,662	367,481
Principal paid on long-term debt	(1,742,012)	(1,695,606)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(2,078,530)	(1,852,406)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(5,669,062)	(9,804,110)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investments, net	(4,032,562)	(647,071)
Investment earnings	85,440	43,573
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(3,947,122)	(603,498)
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(4,210,149)	(4,604,650)
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of year	9,026,271	13,630,921
End of year	\$ 4,816,122	\$ 9,026,271
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of net position:		
·		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,412,202	\$ 7,835,005
Restricted assets – cash and cash equivalents	403,920	1,191,266
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,816,122	\$ 9,026,271

# Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015		
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating (loss)	\$ (5,564,358)	\$ (7,002,600)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	5,599,740	7,957,867		
Overhead absorption	(152,890)	(26,134)		
Rental revenue – cellular towers	120,710	-		
Legal and insurance refunds/settlements	-	198,613		
Department of Water Resources – fixed charge recovery	285,255	332,957		
Other non-operating revenues	117,632	88,285		
Change in assets – (increase)decrease:				
Accounts receivable – water sales and services, net	(528,052)	166,749		
Accounts receivable – other	369,469	(461,987)		
Materials and supplies inventory	(87,682)	749,832		
Prepaid items	(102,096)	143,683		
Change in deferred outflows of resources – (increase)decrease				
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	(1,195,875)	(220,393)		
Change in liabilities – increase(decrease):				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	280,373	(240,222)		
Customer deposits for water service	(72,152)	177,457		
Construction and developer deposits	72,400	(149,994)		
Compensated absences	14,677	60,154		
Net other post-employment benefits obligation	1,872,374	1,902,438		
Net pension liability	2,036,680	534,559		
Pension-related debt – CalPERS side-fund	(79,099)	(69,437)		
Change in deferred inflows of resources – increase(decrease)				
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	(346,945)	(908,332)		
Total adjustments	8,204,519	10,236,095		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,640,161	\$ 3,233,495		
Non-cash investing, capital and financing transactions:				
Change in fair-value of investments	\$ (62,759)	\$ (3,081)		
Amortization of deferred loss on debt defeasance	\$ (156,693)	\$ (156,692)		
Amortization of net premium(discount) on revenue bonds	\$ 102,129	\$ 102,128		
Changes in investment – Palmdale Recycled Water Authority	\$ 90,756	\$ 164,503		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# Palmdale Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Palmdale Water District (District) was formed as an Irrigation District under Division 11 of the California Water Code in 1918. The District provides potable water service to a portion of the City of Palmdale, California, and surrounding unincorporated areas of the County of Los Angeles. The District is operated under the direction of a five-member board of directors. The board members are elected by the public for staggered four-year terms.

The criteria used in determining the scope of the financial reporting entity is based on the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity* (GASB Statement No. 61). The District is the primary governmental unit based on the foundation of a separately elected governing board that is elected by the citizens in a general popular election. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The District is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and: 1) It is able to impose its will on that organization, or 2) There is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

The Palmdale Water District Public Facilities Corporation (Corporation) was organized on August 22, 1991 pursuant to the Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law of the State of California (Title 1, Division 2, Part 2 of the California Corporations Code), solely for the purpose of acquiring and or constructing various public facilities and providing financial assistance to the District. Accordingly, this component unit is included within the financial statements of the District.

#### Basis of Presentation

Financial statement presentation follows the recommendations promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) commonly referred to as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The Financial Statements (i.e., the balance sheet the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. The District accounts for its operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

The Financial Statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as all eligibility requirements have been met. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

## Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, the Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

**Deferred Outflows of Resources** represent outflows of resources (consumption of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as expense until that time.

**Deferred Inflows of Resources** represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, are not recognized as revenue until that time.

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the District. The District reports a measure of operations by presenting the change in net position from operations as *operating income* in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Operating activities are defined by the District as all activities other than financing and investing activities (interest expense and investment income), grants and subsidies, and other infrequently occurring transactions of a non-operating nature. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the District. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

#### **Accounting Changes**

GASB has issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27). This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflow of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures for pension plans. This Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. This statement became effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. See Note 12 for prior period adjustment as a result of implementation.

GASB has issued Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operation. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. As used in this Statement, the term government combinations includes a variety of transactions referred to as mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations This statement became effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2013 and did not have a significant impact on the District's financial statements for year ended December 31, 2015.

GASB has issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. This statement establishes standards relating to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. This statement became effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. See Note 12 for prior period adjustment as a result of implementation.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Accounting Changes (Continued)

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, which provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosure related to all fair value measurements. Application of this statement is effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 and did not have a significant impact on the District's financial statements for year ended December 31, 2016.

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This statement establishes requirements for those pensions and pension plans that are not administered through a trust meeting specified criteria (those not covered by GASB Statements 67 and 68). Application of this statement is effective for District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, except those provisions that address employers and governmental non-employer contributing entities that are not within the scope of GASB Statement 68, which are effective for financial statements for fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 and did not have a significant impact on the District's financial statements for year ended December 31, 2016.

Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. This statement reduces the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP from the four categories under GASB Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The first category of authoritative GAAP consists of GASB Statements of Governmental Accounting Standards. The second category comprises GASB Technical Bulletins and Implementation Guides, as well as guidance from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants that is cleared by the GASB. Application of this statement is effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 and did not have a significant impact on the District's financial statements for year ended December 31, 2016.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all of the District's cash is invested in interest bearing accounts. The District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### **Investment Policy**

Investments are reported at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as unrealized gains or losses and reported for that fiscal year. Investment income comprises interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the balance sheet, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are cash and cash equivalents and investments whose use is limited by legal and debt covenant requirements such as debt payment, reserve balance maintenance and developer impact fees.

#### Receivables and Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The District extends credit to customers in the normal course of operations. When management deems customer accounts uncollectible, the District uses the allowance method for the reservation and write-off of those accounts.

#### Property Taxes

The County of Los Angeles Assessor's Office assesses all real and personal property within the County each year. The County of Los Angeles Tax Collector's Office bills and collects the District's share of property taxes and assessments. The County of Los Angeles Treasurer's Office remits current and delinquent property tax collections to the District throughout the year. Property tax in California is levied in accordance with Article 13A of the State Constitution at one percent (1%) of countywide assessed valuations.

Property taxes receivable at year-end are related to property taxes collected by the County of Los Angeles, which have not been credited to the District's cash balance as of December 31. The property tax calendar is as follows:

Lien date March 1 Levy date July 1

Due dates November 1 and March 1 Collection dates December 10 and April 10

#### Materials and Supplies Inventory

Materials and supplies consist primarily of water meters, pipe and pipefittings for construction and repair to the District's water transmission and distribution system. Materials and supplies are valued at cost using a weighted average method. Materials and supplies items are charged to expense at the time that individual items are consumed.

#### Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year ended are recorded as prepaid items.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The District policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000, all of which must have an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings, wells and distribution system

General plant

Machinery and equipment

50 years

40 years

3 to 20 years

Major outlays for capital assets are capitalized as construction in progress, once constructed, and repairs and maintenance costs are expensed.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### State Water Project – Participation Rights

The District participates in the State Water Project (Project) entitling it to certain participation rights. The District's participation in the Project is through payments to the California department of Water Resources from tax assessments collected from within the District's service area. Monies used for the construction of capital assets, such as pipelines, pumping facilities, storage facilities, etc., are recorded as participation rights and amortized over the life of the agreements. Certain projects also require payments for on-going maintenance; those payments are charged to expense as incurred.

### Customer Deposits for Water Service

Based on a customer's credit, the District may require a deposit deemed reasonable by the District. These deposits are held to pay off close out bills or to cover delinquent payments.

## **Compensated Absences**

The District's personnel policies provide for accumulation of vacation leave and compensatory time off. Liabilities for vacation leave and compensatory time off are recorded when benefits are earned. Full cash payment for all unused vacation leave is available to employees upon retirement or termination. Although accrued and unused sick leave may be carried over to, and used during, subsequent years, as discussed above, sick pay does not vest which means no payment shall be made for unused sick leave on termination of employment.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net pension of the District's pension plans and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

<u>CalPERs</u>	<u>December 31, 2016</u>	<b>December 31, 2015</b>
Valuation date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Measurement period	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016	July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retires) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in the statement of net position and should be displayed in the following three components:

*Net Investment in Capital Assets* – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

**Restricted** – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

*Unrestricted* – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Water Sales

Most water sales are billed on a monthly cyclical basis. Estimated unbilled water revenue through year-end has been accrued.

#### Capital Improvement Fees

Capital improvement fees represent cash and capital asset additions contributed to the District by property owners, granting agencies or real estate developers desiring services that require capital expenditures or capacity commitment.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of the contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Cash and investments were classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

		Balance		
Description	Decer	December 31, 2016		mber 31, 2015
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,412,202	\$	7,835,005
Investments		8,441,547		4,408,985
Restricted – cash and cash equivalents		403,920		1,191,266
Total	\$	13,257,669	\$	13,435,256

Cash and investments consisted of the following:

	Balance	Balance			
Description	December 31, 2016	<b>December 31, 2015</b>			
Cash on hand	5,700	5,700			
Demand deposits held with financial institutions	438,359	780,564			
Investments	12,813,610	12,648,992			
Total	\$ 13,257,669	\$ 13,435,256			

#### **Demand Deposits**

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the carrying amounts of the District's demand deposits were \$438,359 and \$780,564, respectively, and the financial institution's balances were \$831,810 and \$1,019,893, respectively. The \$393,451 and \$239,329 respective net differences represent outstanding checks, deposits-in-transit and/or other reconciling items as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure an entity's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of an entity's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure entity deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of an entity's total deposits. The entity's Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized agent of depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an agent of depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors. Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an agent of depositor has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California agents of depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local government.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy requires that collateral be held by an independent third party with whom the District has a current custodial agreement.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy requires that all security transactions are conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) method and that all securities are held by a qualified, third-party custodian, as evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The trust department of the District's bank may act as third-party custodian, provided that the custodian agreement is separate from the banking agreement. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015 none of the District's deposits or investments were exposed to disclosable custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

Investments for the year ended December 31, 2016 were as follows:

							1	Maturity		
Type of Investments	Meas ure ment Input	Credit Rating	Fair Value		12 Months or Less		13 to 24 Months		25 to 60 Months	
U.S. Treasury notes	Level 1	AAA	\$	4,538,805	\$	1,000,670	\$	1,000,980	\$	2,537,155
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Level 2	Exempt		11,824		11,824		-		-
Money market mutual funds	Level 2	Not Rated		4,372,063		4,372,063		-		-
Negotiable certificates-of-deposit	Level 2	Not Rated		3,890,918		1,964,900		964,700		961,318
Total investments			\$	12,813,610	\$	7,349,457	\$	1,965,680	\$	3,498,473

Investments for the year ended December 31, 2015 were as follows:

							N	Maturity		
Type of Investments	Me as ure me nt Input	Credit Rating	Fair Value		12 Months or Less		13 to 24 Months		25 to 60 Months	
Government sponsored agency securities:										
Federal Farm Credit Bank bond	Level 2	AA+	\$	999,840	\$	999,840	\$	-	\$	-
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Level 2	Exempt		11,766		11,766		-		-
Money market mutual funds	Level 2	Not Rated		8,240,007		8,240,007		-		-
Negotiable certificates-of-deposit	Level 2	Not Rated		3,397,379		1,719,938		961,425		716,016
Total investments			\$	12,648,992	\$	10,971,551	\$	961,425	\$	716,016

#### Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized by the District in accordance with the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy (Continued)

		Maximum	Maximum
<b>Authorize d</b>	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. treasury obligations	5-years	None	None
District issued bonds	5-years	None	None
Government sponsored agency securities	5-years	None	None
Negotiable certificates-of-deposit	5-years	35%	None
Money market mutual funds	N/A	None	None
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

#### Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorize d	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Investment contracts	None	None	None
Money market mutual funds	N/A	None	None

#### Investment in State Investment Pool – Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

The District is a voluntary participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

The District's investments with LAIF at December 31, 2016 and 2015 included a portion of the pool funds invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities:

<u>Structured Notes</u>: debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>: generally mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District had \$11,824 and \$11,766, respectively, invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.66% and 2.08%, respectively, of the pool investment funds in structured notes and medium-term asset-backed securities. The LAIF fair value factor of 0.999423823 and 1.000375979, respectively, was used to calculate the fair value of the investments in LAIF as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Fair Value Measurement Input

The District categorizes its fair value measurement inputs within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The District has presented its measurement inputs as noted in the tables above.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District's investments were rated in the tables above.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the fair values of investments with longer maturities have greater sensitivity to changes in market interest rates. The District's investment policy follows the Code as it relates to limits on investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for the maturities of its investments as related to interest rate risk as noted in the tables above.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one governmental agency or non-governmental issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. The following is a list of the District's investments in a governmental issuer that is 5% or more of the District's total investments except for those in LAIF and money market mutual funds:

Investments as of December 31, 2016 were as follows:

Investments with Maturity Dates	F	air Value	Percentage of Portfolio
U.S. Treasury note – February 28, 2017	\$	1,000,670	7.55%
U.S. Treasury note – June 15, 2018		1,000,980	7.55%
U.S. Treasury note – February 15, 2019		1,547,115	11.67%
U.S. Treasury note – February 15, 2019		990,040	7.47%
Total	\$	4,538,805	34.24%

Investments as of December 31, 2015 were as follows:

			Percentage of
Investments with Maturity Dates	Fa	ir Value	Portfolio
Government sponsored agency securities: Federal Farm Credit Bank bond – June 2, 2016	\$	999,840	7.44%

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 3 – Accounts Receivable – Water Sales and Services, Net

The balances consisted of the following:

Description	Balance nber 31, 2016	Balance nber 31, 2015
Accounts receivable – water sales and services Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 2,093,125 (155,811)	\$ 1,605,375 (196,113)
Accounts receivable - water sales and services, net	\$ 1,937,314	\$ 1,409,262

#### Note 4 – Investment in Palmdale Recycled Water Authority

The Palmdale Recycled Water Authority (Authority) was formed under a Joint Exercise of Powers Authority on September 26, 2012, pursuant to Section(s) 6506 and 6507 of the Exercise of Powers Act, codified by California Government Code section(s) 6500, which authorizes public agencies by agreement to exercise jointly any power common to the contracting parties. The Authority was formed between the City of Palmdale, a California Charter City (City) and Palmdale Water District, an Irrigation District under Division 11 of the California Water Code (District). The Authority is an independent public agency separate from its Members.

The purpose of the Authority is to establish an independent public agency to study, promote, develop, distribute, construct, install, finance, use and manage recycled water resources created by the Los Angeles County Sanitation District Nos. 14 and 20 for any and all reasonable and beneficial uses, including irrigation and recharge, and to finance the acquisition and construction or installation of recycled water facilities, recharge facilities and irrigation systems.

The governing body of the Authority is a Board of Directors, which consists of five Directors. The governing body of each Member appoints and designates in writing two Directors who are authorized to act for and on behalf of the Member on matters within the powers of the Authority. The person(s) appointed and designated as Director(s) are member(s) of the Member's governing board. The fifth Director is appointed jointly by both Members.

The Members share in the revenues and expenses of the Authority on a 50/50 pro-rata share basis. Therefore, the District accounts for its investment in the Authority as an equity interest on the statement of net position. The District reports its equity interest as of the date of the most recent audited financial statements of the Authority as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, which was audited by other auditors, whose report dated April 15, 2017 and April 18, 2016, respectively, expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

### Note 4 – Investment in Palmdale Recycled Water Authority (Continued)

The following is the condensed financial statement of the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2016:

#### Palmdale Recycled Water Authority Condensed Statement of Net Position December 31, 2016

	December 51, 2010	,				
		Audited Total	-	of Palmdale % Share	District 50% Share	
Assets: Total assets	\$	720,959	\$	360,480	\$	360,479
Liabilities:		·				
Total liabilities		79,600		39,800		39,800
Net position:						
Total net position		641,359		320,680		320,679
Total liabilities and net position	\$	720,959	\$	360,480	\$	360,479
Condensed Statement of Re	e Recycled Water A evenues, Expenses ear Ended Decemb	and Changes in	Net Posit	ion		
	I	Audited Total	-	of Palmdale % Share		District % Share
Operating revenues:			,		,	
Total operating revenues	\$	310,777	\$	155,389	\$	155,388
Operating expenses:						
Total operating expenses		130,316		65,158		65,158
Operating income		180,461		90,231		90,230
Non-operating revenues:  Total non-operating revenue		1,051		525		526
Change in net position		181,512		90,756		90,756
Net position:		161,312		90,730		90,730
Beginning of year		459,847		229,924		229,923
End of year	\$	641,359	\$	320,680	\$	320,679
Condens	e Recycled Water A ed Statement of Ca ear Ended Decemb	ash Flows				
	I	Audited	-	of Palmdale		District
		Total	50	% Share	50	% Share
Cash flows from operating activities:  Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	225,706	\$	112,853	\$	112,853
Cash flows from investing activities:  Net cash provided by investing activities		1,051		525		526
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		226,757		113,378		113,379
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning of year		490,783		277,683		277,682
End of year	\$	717,540	\$	391,061	\$	391,061
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	180,461	\$	90,231	\$	90,230
Change in assets Change in liabilities		32,070 13,175		16,035 6,587		16,035 6,588
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	225,706	\$	112,853	\$	112,853
rect cash provided by operating activities	Ф	443,700	Ψ	114,033	Ψ	114,033

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

### Note 4 – Investment in Palmdale Recycled Water Authority (Continued)

The following is the condensed financial statement of the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2015:

#### Palmdale Recycled Water Authority Condensed Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2015

Audited

City of Palmdale

District

		Audited Total		of Palmdale % Share	District 50% Share	
Assets:						
Total assets	\$	526,273	\$	263,137	\$	263,136
Liabilities:		66.106		22.212		22.212
Total liabilities		66,426		33,213		33,213
Net position:  Total net position		459,847		229,924		229,923
·	•		\$		\$	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	526,273	3	263,137	<b>3</b>	263,136
Palmdal	e Recycled Water	Authority				
Condensed Statement of R For the Y	evenues, Expenses ear Ended Decemb		Net Posit	ion		
		Audited	-	of Palmdale		District
		Total		% Share		% Share
Operating revenues:  Total operating revenues	\$	313,718	\$	156,859	\$	156,859
Operating expenses:  Total operating expenses		108,916		54,458		54,458
Operating income		204,802		102,401		102,401
Non-operating revenues:				_		
Total non-operating revenue		469		235		234
Change in net position		205,271		102,636		102,635
Net position:  Beginning of year		254,576		127,288		127,288
End of year	-	459,847	•	229,924	\$	229,923
End of year	\$	439,047	\$	229,924	<u> </u>	229,923
Condens	e Recycled Water A red Statement of C ear Ended Decemb	ash Flows				
Totale 1		Audited	City	of Palmdale	,	District
	•	Total	-	% Share		% Share
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net cash provided by operating activities	_\$	425,732	\$	212,866	\$	212,866
Cash flows from investing activities:  Net cash provided by investing activities		469		235		234
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		426,201		213,101		213,100
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning of year		64,582		64,582		64,582
End of year	\$	490,783	\$	277,683	\$	277,682
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	204,802	\$	102,401	\$	102,401
Change in assets Change in liabilities		196,135 24,795		98,068 12,397		98,067 12,308
Net cash provided by operating activities	•		•		•	12,398
rict cash provided by operating activities	\$	425,732	\$	212,866	\$	212,866

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

Note 5 – Capital Assets

Summary changes in capital asset balances for the year ended December 31, 2016 were as follows:

Description	Balance January 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance December 31, 2016	
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land and land rights	\$ 1,784,357	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,784,357	
Construction-in-process	6,177,147	2,339,995	(2,092,889)	6,424,253	
Total non-depreciable assets	7,961,504	2,339,995	(2,092,889)	8,208,610	
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings, wells and distribution system	210,967,182	1,970,612	-	212,937,794	
SWP – participation rights	66,834,973	4,649,693	-	71,484,666	
Machinery and equipment	10,684,201	172,464	(125,795)	10,730,870	
Total depreciable assets	288,486,356	6,792,769	(125,795)	295,153,330	
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings, wells and distribution system	(107,639,534)	(5,187,396)	-	(112,826,930)	
SWP – participation rights	(24,155,501)	(2,362,788)	-	(26,518,289)	
Machinery and equipment	(9,706,261)	(412,344)	125,795	(9,992,810)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(141,501,296)	(7,962,528)	125,795	(149,338,029)	
Total depreciable assets, net	146,985,060	(1,169,759)		145,815,301	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 154,946,564	\$ 1,170,236	\$ (2,092,889)	\$ 154,023,911	

Summary changes in capital asset balances for the year ended December 31, 2015 were as follows:

Description	Balance January 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance December 31, 2015	
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land and land rights	\$ 1,784,357	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,784,357	
Construction-in-process	3,330,478	4,838,263	(1,991,594)	6,177,147	
Total non-depreciable assets	5,114,835	4,838,263	(1,991,594)	7,961,504	
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings, wells and distribution system	208,975,588	1,524,170	467,424	210,967,182	
SWP - participation rights	62,259,862	4,575,111	-	66,834,973	
Machinery and equipment	10,575,876	261,146	(152,821)	10,684,201	
Total depreciable assets	281,811,326	6,360,427	314,603	288,486,356	
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings, wells and distribution system	(102,046,641)	(7,117,063)	1,524,170	(107,639,534)	
SWP - participation rights	(22,080,977)	(2,074,524)	-	(24,155,501)	
Machinery and equipment	(9,018,278)	(840,804)	152,821	(9,706,261)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(133,145,896)	(10,032,391)	1,676,991	(141,501,296)	
Total depreciable assets, net	148,665,430	(3,671,964)	1,991,594	146,985,060	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 153,780,265	\$ 1,166,299	\$ -	\$ 154,946,564	

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 5 – Capital Assets (Continued)

#### Construction-in-Process

The balance consists of the following projects:

Project Description	Balance January 1, 2015			Balance nber 31, 2015	Balance December 31, 2016	
Sediment removal - Littlerock Dam	\$	1,395,256	\$	1,615,733	\$	1,807,482
Palmdale Regional Groundwater Recharge Project		622,707		1,728,372		2,274,315
10th Street E. waterline replacement		802,533		-		-
Frontier/31st/32nd waterline replacement		255,459		1,615,167		-
Tierra Subida Ave. waterline replacement		3,490		314,929		447,920
Replacement Salt Silos - various sites		-		136,727		-
Armagosa Creek project		38,402		93,380		129,215
El Camino Dr mainline replacement		-		16,324		385,798
Well 15 - inspection and replacement		-		18,389		197,014
Various other minor projects <\$100,000		212,631		638,126		1,182,509
Total construction-in-process	\$	3,330,478	\$	6,177,147	\$	6,424,253

#### State Water Project – Participation Rights

In 1963, the District contracted with the State of California (State) for 1,620 acre-feet per year of water from the State Water Project (SWP). In subsequent years, the annual entitlement increased to 21,300 acre feet. The SWP distributes water from Northern California to Southern California through a system of reservoirs, canals, pumps stations and power generation facilities.

The District is one of many participants contracting with the State of California Department of Water Resources (DWR) for a system to provide water throughout California. Under the terms of the State Water Contract, as amended, the District is obligated to pay allocable portions of the cost of construction of the system and ongoing operations and maintenance costs through at least the year 2035, regardless of the quantities of water available from the project. The District and the other contractors may also be responsible to the State for certain obligations by any contractor who defaults on its payments to the State.

Management's present intention is to exercise the District's option to extend the contractual period to at least 2052, under substantially comparable terms. This corresponds to an estimated 80-year service life for the original facilities. The State is obligated to provide specific quantities of water throughout the life of the contract, subject to certain conditions.

In addition to system on-aqueduct power facilities, the State has, either on their own or through joint ventures financed certain off-aqueduct power facilities (OAPF). The power generated is utilized by the system for water transportation and distribution purposes. Power generated in excess of system needs is marketed to various utilities and California's power market.

The District is entitled to a proportionate share of the revenues resulting from sales of excess power. The District and the other water providers are responsible for repaying the capital and operating costs of the OAPF regardless of the amount of power generated.

The District capitalizes its share of system construction costs as participation rights in the State water facilities when such costs are billed by the DWR. Unamortized participation rights essentially represent a prepayment for future water deliveries through the State system. The District's share of system operations and maintenance costs is charged to expense as incurred.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 5 – Capital Assets (Continued)

#### State Water Project – Participation Rights (Continued)

The District amortizes a portion of capitalized participation rights each year using a formula that considers the total estimated cost of the project, estimated useful life and estimated production capacity of the assets based upon information provided by the State of California. The participation rights have been included with the District's capital assets as shown in the schedule of changes in capital assets.

#### **Note 6 – Compensated Absences**

Summary changes to compensated absences balances for the year ended December 31, 2016, were as follows:

В	alance					E	Balance	Du	e Within	Due in More		
Janua	ry 1, 2016	A	dditions	D	eletions	December 31, 2016 One Y		ne Year	Than One Year			
\$	424,491	\$	533,037	\$	(518,360)	\$	439,168	\$	329,375	\$	109,793	

Summary changes to compensated absences balances for the year ended December 31, 2015, were as follows:

В	alance					Balance Due Within		Due	e in More		
Janua	ary 1, 2015	A	dditions	D	eletions	December 31, 2015 One Ye		ne Year	Than One Year		
\$	364,337	\$	509,675	\$	(449,521)	\$	424,491	\$	318,368	\$	106,123

#### Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

The District has incurred long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets, which have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt.

Changes in long-term debt amounts for the year ended December 31, 2016 were as follows:

Long-Term Debt	Balance Long-Term Debt January 1, 2016		Payments/ Amortization	Balance December 31, 2016	Current Portion	Non-Current Portion
Capital lease payable – 2013	\$ 231,745	\$ -	\$ (184,459)	\$ 47,286	\$ 47,286	\$ -
Loan payable – 2012	9,660,294		(1,082,553)	8,577,741	1,115,453	- 7,462,288
Revenue bonds payable – 2013	42,685,000	-	(475,000)	42,210,000	495,000	41,715,000
Revenue bonds payable - discount	(119,346)	-	4,301	(115,045)	-	(115,045)
Revenue bonds payable – premium	2,953,412		(106,430)	2,846,982		2,846,982
Revenue bonds payable, net – 2013	45,519,066		(577,129)	44,941,937	495,000	44,446,937
Total long-term debt	\$ 55,411,105	\$ -	\$ (1,844,141)	\$ 53,566,964	\$ 1,657,739	\$ 51,909,225

Changes in long-term debt amounts for the year ended December 31, 2015 were as follows:

Long-Term Debt	Balance January 1, 2015	Additions/ Adjustments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Curre nt Portion	Non-Current Portion	
Capital lease payable – 2013	\$ 408,930	\$ -	\$ (177,185)	\$ 231,745	\$ 184,459	\$ 47,286	
Loan payable – 2012	10,708,715		(1,048,421)	9,660,294	1,082,553	- 8,577,741	
Revenue bonds payable – 2013	43,155,000	-	(470,000)	42,685,000	475,000	42,210,000	
Revenue bonds payable - discount	(123,647)	-	4,301	(119,346)	-	(119,346)	
Revenue bonds payable – premium	3,059,841		(106,429)	2,953,412		2,953,412	
Revenue bonds payable, net – 2013	46,091,194		(572,128)	45,519,066	475,000	45,044,066	
Total long-term debt	\$ 57,208,839	\$ -	\$ (1,797,734)	\$ 55,411,105	\$ 1,742,012	\$ 53,669,093	

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### **Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)**

#### Capital Lease Payable – 2013

The District has leased \$863,876 in equipment under a capital lease agreement, upon which the District will take ownership of the equipment at the end of the lease-term. Capital lease payments of \$15,868 are due on a monthly-basis from April 2013 to March 2017 at an annual interest rate of 4.030%.

Annual debt service requirements for the capital lease payable are as follows:

Year	I	Principal	I1	nterest	 Total
2017	\$	47,286	\$	318	\$ 47,604

#### Loan Payable – 2012

In November 2012, the District issued \$12,765,208 in a private-placement Loan Payable – 2012, with maturities from 2013 through 2023 and an interest rate of 3.10%. The net proceeds of the issuance were used to advance refund (an in-substance defeasance) \$12,505,000 of aggregate principal amount of the District's COPs – 1998 with an average interest rate of 4.73%.

The initial escrow deposit was used to purchase government sponsored agency obligation securities. These securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the COPs – 1998.

The advance refunding resulted in a different between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value amount of the old debt of \$846,845. This difference is being amortized through 2023 (the life of the debt) using the straight-line method as a deferred loss on debt defeasance. The District completed the advance refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 11 years by approximately \$1.293 million and to obtain an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of approximately \$1.154 million.

Annual debt service requirements for the refunding certificates of participation are as follows:

Year	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2017	\$ 1,115,453	\$ 257,332	\$ 1,372,785
2018	1,147,084	222,509	1,369,593
2019	1,186,595	186,646	1,373,241
2020	1,224,583	149,569	1,374,152
2021	1,261,008	111,327	1,372,335
2022-2023	 2,643,018	 103,229	 2,746,247
Total	8,577,741	\$ 1,030,612	\$ 9,608,353
Less: current	 (1,115,453)		
Total non-current	\$ 7,462,288		

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### **Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)**

#### Certificates of Participation – 2004

In August 2004, the District issued \$38,285,000 of Certificates of Participation -2004 (COPs -2004), with maturities from 2008 through 2034 and an average interest rate of 4.90%. The net proceeds are to be used to finance the acquisition, construction and improvement of certain water facilities and to pay issuance costs of the debt. Issuance of the COPs -2004 resulted in a premium of \$328,767 which was being amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. In 2013, the District advanced refunded the remaining \$35,560,000 of the COPs -2004 into the revenue bonds payable issuance.

#### Revenue Bonds Payable – 2013

The Palmdale Water District Public Facilities Corporation (Corporation) issued \$44,350,000 in Revenue Bonds Payable – 2013 (Bonds – 2013) with maturities from 2013 through 2043 with an interest rate range between 2.00% to 5.00% pursuant to an Indenture of Trust, dated as of May 1, 2013, by and between the Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee. The Bonds – 2013 are being issued: (i) to prepay the District's outstanding Certificates of Participation – 2004, (ii) to finance certain improvements to the District's Water System; (iii) to purchase a municipal bond insurance policy to guarantee payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds – 2013; (iv) to purchase a municipal bond debt service reserve insurance policy for deposit in the Reserve Fund; and (v) to pay the costs of issuing the Bonds – 2013. The refunding resulted in a premium on the issuance of \$3,228,354 and a discount of (\$130,456) which are being amortized over the remaining debt service years. Principal and interest payments are due in April and October each year.

The advance refunding resulted in a different between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value amount of the old debt of \$2,278,663. This difference is being amortized through 2043 (the life of the debt) using the straight-line method as a deferred loss on debt defeasance.

Annual debt service requirements for the revenue bonds payable are as follows:

Year	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2017	\$ 495,000	\$ 1,855,975	\$ 2,350,975
2018	510,000	1,841,125	2,351,125
2019	520,000	1,825,825	2,345,825
2020	535,000	1,810,225	2,345,225
2021	565,000	1,783,475	2,348,475
2022-2026	7,895,000	8,358,625	16,253,625
2027-2031	13,350,000	5,914,600	19,264,600
2032-2036	11,225,000	2,697,550	13,922,550
2037-2041	4,880,000	1,048,200	5,928,200
2042-2043	 2,235,000	 135,000	 2,370,000
Total	42,210,000	\$ 27,270,600	\$ 74,175,450
Less: current	 (495,000)		
Total non-current	\$ 41,715,000		

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### **Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)**

#### Deferred Loss on Debt Defeasance, Net

Changes in the deferred loss on long-term debt defeasance, net for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

F	Balance						Balance
Janu	ary 1, 2016	A	ditions	An	nortization	Decei	nber 31, 2016
\$	2,635,209	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(156,693)	\$	2,478,516

Changes in the deferred loss on long-term debt defeasance, net for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

E	Balance						Balance
Janu	ary 1, 2015	A	dditions	An	nortization	Decer	nber 31, 2015
\$	2,791,901	\$	-	\$	(156,692)	\$	2,635,209

#### Note 8 – Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Obligation

#### Plan Description – Eligibility

The District administers its post-employment benefits plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan (Plan). The following requirements must be satisfied in order to be eligible for post-employment medical, dental and vision benefits: (1) Attainment of age 55, and 20 years for full-time service, and (2) Retirement from the District (the District must be the last employer prior to retirement).

#### Plan Description – Benefits

The District offers post-employment medical, dental and vision benefits to retired employees who satisfy the eligibility rules. Spouses and surviving spouses are also eligible to receive benefits. Retirees may enroll in any plan available through the ACWA-JPIA medical, dental and vision programs. The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the Board of Directors.

#### Funding Policy

The District contributes the *Annual Required Contribution (ARC) of the Employer*, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The District will pay 100% of the cost of the post-employment benefit plan. The District funds the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis and maintains reserves (and records a liability) for the difference between pay-as-you-go and the actuarially determined ARC cost.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### **Note 8 – Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Obligation (Continued)**

#### Annual Cost

Description	 2016		2015	2014	
Annual OPEB cost:					
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 2,350,322	\$	2,350,322	\$	2,306,498
Interest on net OPEB obligation	224,706		186,657		149,593
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (380,234)		(315,847)		(253,131)
Total annual OPEB cost	 2,194,794		2,221,132	-	2,202,960
Contributions made	 (322,420)		(318,694)		(349,723)
Total contributions made	 (322,420)		(318,694)		(349,723)
Total change in net OPEB obligation	1,872,374		1,902,438		1,853,237
Net OPEB obligation:					
Beginning of year	 11,235,300		9,332,862		7,479,625
End of year	\$ 13,107,674	\$	11,235,300	\$	9,332,862

For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District's ARC cost was \$2,194,794 and \$2,221,132. The District's net OPEB payable obligation amounted to \$13,107,674 and \$11,235,300, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. The District contributed \$322,420 and \$318,694, respectively, in contributions for current retiree OPEB premiums for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the three preceding years were as follows:

Three-Year History of Net OPEB Obligation(Asset)

Fiscal Year Ended	 Annual OPEB Cost	Contributions Made		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation Payable(Asset)	
December 31, 2016	\$ 2,194,794	\$	322,420	14.69%	\$	13,107,674
December 31, 2015	\$ 2,221,132	\$	318,694	14.35%	\$	11,235,300
December 31, 2014	\$ 2,202,960	\$	349,723	15.88%	\$	9,332,862

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress of the Plan

The most recent valuation (dated December 31, 2014) includes an Actuarial Accrued Liability and Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability of \$25,778,850. There are no plan assets because the District funds on a pay-as-you-go basis and maintains no reserves equal to the remaining net post-employment benefits payable obligation. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) for the year ended December 31, 2014 was \$7,010,439. The ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to annual covered payroll was 367.72% as of December 31, 2014.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### **Note 8 – Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Obligation (Continued)**

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Consistent with the long-term perspective of actuarial calculations, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods:

Valuation date	December 31, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal cost method
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll amortization
Remaining amortization period	26 Years as of the valuation date
Asset valuation method	30 Year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	2.00% – Current LAIF rating (rounded)
Projected salary increase	1.90%
Inflation - discount rate	2.00%
Health care trend rate	3.00%

#### Note 9 – Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The net pension liability balances have a Measurement Date of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively, which are rolled-forward for the District's fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

The District's Net Pension Liability CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan is comprised of a net pension liability balance and the balance of the District's pension-related debt – CalPERS side-fund as follows:

	]	Balance	Balance		
Description	Decen	nber 31, 2016	Decei	mber 31, 2015	
Net pension liability	\$	7,779,823	\$	5,743,143	
Pension-related debt – CalPERS side-fund	-	905,666		984,765	
Total Net Pension Liability CalPERS - Miscellaneous Plan	\$	8,685,489	\$	6,727,908	

#### Pension-Related Debt - CalPERS Side-Fund

As of June 30, 2003, CalPERS implemented risk-pooling for the District's agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. As a result, the District's defined benefit pension plan with CalPERS converted from an agent multiple-employer plan to a cost sharing multiple-employer plan. This change in the type of the plan created the CalPERS Side-Fund, which CalPERS financed at a 7.75% interest rate. CalPERS actuarially calculated the amount needed to bring the District into the cost sharing multiple-employer plan on an equal basis with other governmental agencies that had less than 100 active and retired employees combined. The reason that CalPERS switched these governmental agencies into the cost sharing multiple-employer plan was to smooth the annual costs related to the pension benefit over a longer period of time resulting in a lower cost of service to the governmental agencies.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 9 – Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Pension-Related Debt – CalPERS Side-Fund (Continued)

A portion of the District's annual required contributions to CalPERS are actuarially determined and shared by all governmental agencies within the cost sharing risk pool. Also, the District is required to make annual payments to pay-down the CalPERS Side-Fund, as well. The responsibility for paying-down the District's CalPERS Side-Fund is specific to the District and is not shared by all governmental agencies within the cost sharing risk pool. Therefore, the Side Fund falls under the definition of pension-related debt and recorded as liability on the District's financial statements.

Annual payments on the CalPERS Side-Fund represent principal and interest payments on the pension-related debt. Debt principal and interest expense is blended into the CalPERS pension benefit rate by individual class of District employee and repaid to CalPERS each payroll period throughout the fiscal year. The following is a pay-down schedule of the remaining payments of the District's CalPERS Side-Fund at a 7.50% interest rate, which was reduced by CalPERS in fiscal year 2012, for fiscal years 2012 and beyond as follows:

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	I	Interest		Total	
July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017	\$	89,620	\$	62,330	\$	151,950	
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018		101,068		55,441		156,509	
July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019		113,517		47,688		161,205	
July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020		127,045		38,966		166,011	
July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021		141,736		29,284		171,020	
July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022		157,688		18,465		176,153	
July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023		174,992		6,562		181,554	
Total	\$	905,666	\$	258,736	\$	1,164,402	

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

### Note 9 – Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Summary of the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2016 is as follows:

T		lance as of		-	n		lance as of
Type of Account	Janu	iary 1, 2016	 Additions		Deletions	Decer	mber 31, 2016
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Pension contributions made after the measurement date: CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	\$	996,550	\$ 501,952	\$	(996,550)	\$	501,952
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments:							
CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan		-	1,600,390		-		1,600,390
Difference between actual and proportionate share of employer contributions:							
CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan		-	32,075		(17,820)		14,255
Adjustment due to differences in proportions: CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan		-	145,716		(41,790)		103,926
Differences between expected and actual experience: CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan		53,152	<u> </u>		(28,098)		25,054
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,049,702	\$ 2,280,133	\$	(1,084,258)	\$	2,245,577
Net Pension Liability:							
CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	\$	6,727,908	\$ 2,954,131	\$	(996,550)	\$	8,685,489
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments:							
CalPERS - Miscellaneous Plan	\$	252,092	\$ -	\$	(252,092)	\$	-
Difference between actual and proportionate share of employer contributions:							
CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan		28,055	155,043		(54,710)		128,388
Adjustment due to differences in proportions: CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan		21,824	27,708		(27,516)		22,016
Changes in assumptions:							
CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan		502,869	 		(195,378)		307,491
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	804,840	\$ 182,751	\$	(529,696)	\$	457,895

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

### Note 9 – Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Summary of the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2015 is as follows:

Type of Account	lance as of uary 1, 2015	 Additions	]	Deletions	lance as of mber 31, 2015
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Pension contributions made after the measurement date: CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	\$ 829,309	\$ 996,550	\$	(829,309)	\$ 996,550
Difference between actual and proportionate share of employer contributions:  CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	49,895	_		(49,895)	_
Adjustment due to differences in proportions: CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	5,089	-		(5,089)	-
Differences between expected and actual experience: CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan		72,135		(18,983)	53,152
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 884,293	\$ 1,068,685	\$	(903,276)	\$ 1,049,702
Net Pension Liability:					
CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	\$ 6,347,708	\$ 492,098	\$	(111,898)	\$ 6,727,908
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments:  CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	\$ 1,736,216	\$ 12,845	\$	(1,496,969)	\$ 252,092
Difference between actual and proportionate share of employer contributions:  CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	_	67,974		(39,919)	28,055
Adjustment due to differences in proportions:  CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	82,137	(42,694)		(17,619)	21,824
Changes in assumptions: CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	 <u>-</u> _	 682,466		(179,597)	 502,869
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,818,353	\$ 720,591	\$	(1,734,104)	\$ 804,840

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 9 - Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### General Information about the Pension Plans

#### The Plans

The District has engaged with CalPERS to administer the following pension plans for its employees (members):

	Miscellan	eous Plans
	Classic Tier 1	PEPRA Tier 2
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5-years of service	5-years of service
Benefits payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 67 & up	52 - 67 & up
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required member contribution rates	8.000%	6.500%
Required employer contribution rates - FY 2016	8.512%	6.237%
Required employer contribution rates – FY 2015	10.781%	6.237%

#### Plan Description

The District contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. A full description of the pension plan, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information are listed in the June 30, 2016 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report. This report and CalPERS' audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2016, the following members were covered by the benefit terms:

	Miscellane	ous Plans	
	Classic	PEPRA	
Plan Members	Tier 1	Tier 2	Total
Active members	72	12	84
Transferred and terminated members	45	1	46
Retired members and beneficiaries	43	<u> </u>	43
Total plan members	160	13	173

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 9 – Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms (Continued

At June 30, 2015, the following members were covered by the benefit terms:

	Miscellane	ous Plans		
	Classic	PEPRA		
Plan Members	Tier 1	Tier 2	Total	
Active members	74	8	82	
Transferred and terminated members	45	1	46	
Retired members and beneficiaries	43	<del></del>	43	
Total plan members	162	9	171	

#### Benefit Provided

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. A Classic CalPERS Miscellaneous member becomes eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 55 with at least 5 years of credited service. Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) Miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 62 with at least 5 years of service. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation. The final compensation is the monthly average of the member's highest 12 months for Classic and 36 months for PEPRA of full-time equivalent monthly pay. Retirement benefits for Classic Miscellaneous members are calculated as 2.0% to 2.7% of the average final 12 months compensation. Retirement benefits for PEPRA Miscellaneous members are calculated as 1% to 2.5% of the average final 36 months compensation.

Participant members are eligible for non-industrial disability retirement if becoming disabled and has at least 5 years of credited service. There is no special age requirement. The standard non-industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8 percent of final compensation, multiplied by service. Industrial disability benefits are not offered to miscellaneous employees.

A member's beneficiary may receive the basic death benefit if the member dies while actively employed. The member must be actively employed with the District to be eligible for this benefit. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit. The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the members' accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.5 percent per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death.

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each member's retirement allowance. Beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement, retirement and survivor allowances will be annually adjusted on a compound basis by 3 percent.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 9 - Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers will be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The public agency cost-sharing plans covered by the Miscellaneous risk pool, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of members. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (the measurement dates), the active member contribution rate for the Miscellaneous Classic Plan and the Miscellaneous PEPRA Plan is 8.00% and 6.500% of annual pay, respectively, and the average employer's contribution rate is 8.512% and 10.781%, respectively, for the Miscellaneous PEPRA Plan of annual payroll, respectively.

Contributions for the year ended December 31, 2016 were as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plans					
		Classic		PEPRA		
Contribution Type		Tier 1		Tier 2		Total
Contributions – employer	\$	474,105	\$	27,847	\$	501,952
Contributions – members		212,930		28,055		240,985
Total contributions	\$	687,035	\$	55,902	\$	742,937

Contributions for the year ended December 31, 2015 were as follows:

		Miscella			
		Classic	]	PEPRA	
Contribution Type		Tier 1		Tier 2	 Total
Contributions – employer	\$	945,919	\$	50,631	\$ 996,550
Contributions – members		387,146		50,737	 437,883
<b>Total contributions</b>	\$	1,333,065	\$	101,368	\$ 1,434,433

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 9 - Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Plans

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine the Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (the measurement dates), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2015 and 2014 total pension liability. Both the June 30, 2016 and the June 30, 2015 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB

Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.65% Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection

Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 and 2014 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent, which is net of administrative expenses. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. CalPERS' Management has determined that using the lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability and the difference was deemed immaterial to the financial statements. The long-term expected rate of return on the pension plan investments was determined in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were considered. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major *asset class*.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 9 - Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Plans (Continued)

#### Discount Rate (Continued)

Investment Type	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 <sup>1</sup>	Real Return Years 11+ <sup>2</sup>
Global Equity	51.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	20.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.00%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	1.00%	-0.55%	-1.05%
	100.00%		

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  An expected inflation rate-of-return of 2.5% is used for years 1-10.

#### Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.65%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.65%) than the current rate:

Changes in the discount rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Plan's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)							
Plan Type	Discount Rate - 1% 6.65%		rent Discount Rate 7.65%	Discount Rate + 1% 8.65%				
CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	13,475,689	\$	8,685,489	\$	4,726,626			

Changes in the discount rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Plan's	/(Asset	)		
	Discount Rate - 1%	Curre	ent Discount	Discou	unt Rate + 1%
Plan Type	6.65% Rate		te 7.65%		8.65%
CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan	11,230,495	\$	6,727,908	\$	3,010,498

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report and can be obtained from CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An expected inflation rate-of-return of 3.0% is used for years 11+.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 9 - Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Plans (Continued)

#### <u>Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense</u>

The following table shows the plan's proportionate share of the risk pool collective net pension liability over the measurement period:

Changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Plan Type and Balance Descriptions		Plan Total sion Liability	nn Fiduciary et Position	Change in Plan Ne Pension Liability	
CalPERS – Miscellaneous Plan:					
Balance as of June 30, 2015 (Measurement Date)	\$	33,061,883	\$ 26,333,975	\$	6,727,908
Balance as of June 30, 2016 (Measurement Date)	\$	35,580,180	\$ 26,894,691	\$	8,685,489
Change in Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	2,518,297	\$ 560,716	\$	1,957,581

Changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Plan Type and Balance Descriptions	_	Plan Total Plan Fiduciary Pension Liability Net Position			,	ge in Plan Net sion Liability
CalPERS - Miscellaneous Plan:						
Balance as of June 30, 2014 (Measurement Date)	\$	31,624,338	\$	25,276,630	\$	6,347,708
Balance as of June 30, 2015 (Measurement Date)	\$	33,061,883	\$	26,333,975	\$	6,727,908
Change in Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	1,437,545	\$	1,057,345	\$	380,200

The following is the approach established by the plan actuary to allocate the net pension liability and pension expense to the individual employers within the risk pool.

- (1) In determining a cost-sharing plan's proportionate share, total amounts of liabilities and assets are first calculated for the risk pool as a whole on the valuation dates (June 30, 2015 and 2014). The risk pool's fiduciary net position ("FNP") subtracted from its total pension liability (TPL) determines the net pension liability (NPL) at the valuation date.
- (2) Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool TPL is then computed at the measurement date (June 30, 2016 and 2015). Risk pool FNP at the measurement date is then subtracted from this number to compute the NPL for the risk pool at the measurement date. For purposes of FNP in this step and any later reference thereto, the risk pool's FNP at the measurement date denotes the aggregate risk pool's FNP at June 30, 2016 and 2015 less the sum of all additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by all employers during the measurement period (FY 2015-2016 and FY 2014-2015).
- (3) The individual plan's TPL, FNP and NPL are also calculated at the valuation date.
- (4) Two ratios are created by dividing the plan's individual TPL and FNP as of the valuation date from (3) by the amounts in step (1), the risk pool's total TPL and FNP, respectively.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 9 - Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Plans (Continued)

#### <u>Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (Continued)</u>

- (5) The plan's TPL as of the Measurement Date is equal to the risk pool TPL generated in (2) multiplied by the TPL ratio generated in (4). The plan's FNP as of the Measurement Date is equal to the FNP generated in (2) multiplied by the FNP ratio generated in (4) plus any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer on behalf of the plan during the measurement period.
- (6) The plan's NPL at the Measurement Date is the difference between the TPL and FNP calculated in (5).

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the June 30, 2016 measurement date was as follows:

	Percentage Sh		
	Fiscal Year Fiscal Year Ending Ending		Change
			Increase/
	<u>December 31, 2016</u>	December 31, 2015	(Decrease)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	
Percentage of Risk Pool Net Pension Liability	0.250020%	0.245234%	0.004786%
Percentage of Plan (PERF C) Net Pension Liability	0.100374%	0.098019%	0.002355%

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the June 30, 2015 measurement date was as follows:

	Percentage Sh		
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Change
	Ending	Ending	Increase/
	December 31, 2015	<b>December 31, 2014</b>	(Decrease)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	
Percentage of Risk Pool Net Pension Liability	0.245234%	0.256838%	-0.011604%
Percentage of Plan (PERF C) Net Pension Liability	0.098019%	0.092479%	0.005540%

For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District recognized pension expense in the amounts of (\$414,761) and (\$798,722) and respectively.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over 5-years straight line. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the risk pool. The EARSL for risk pool for the 2014-15 measurement period is 3.8 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 460,700 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 122,789 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired).

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 9 – Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Plans (Continued)

#### <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

At December 31, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Account Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension contributions made after the measurement date	\$	501,952	\$	-	
Difference between actual and proportionate share of employer contributions		14,255		(128,388)	
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		103,926		(22,016)	
Differences between expected and actual experience		25,054		-	
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,600,390		-	
Changes in assumptions				(307,491)	
Total Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	\$	2,245,577	\$	(457,895)	

The District will recognize \$501,952 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

At December 31, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Account Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred (Inflows) of Resources		
Pension contributions made after the measurement date	\$	996,550	\$	-	
Difference between actual and proportionate share of employer contributions		-		(28,055)	
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		-		(21,824)	
Differences between expected and actual experience		53,152		-	
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(252,092)	
Changes in assumptions				(502,869)	
Total Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	\$	1,049,702	\$	(804,840)	

The District will recognize \$996,550 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 9 - Net Pension Liability and Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Plans (Continued)

#### Amortization of Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Other remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the year ended December 31, 2016 will be amortized to pension expense in future periods as follows:

Amortization Period Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Outfle	Deferred ows/(Inflows) Resources
2017	\$	56,213
2018		96,842
2019		718,159
2020		414,516
Total	\$	1,285,730

Other remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the year ended December 31, 2015 will be amortized to pension expense in future periods as follows:

Amortization Period Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Outfle	Deferred ows/(Inflows) Resources
2017	\$	(373,062)
2018		(371,127)
2019		(329,739)
2020		322,240
Total	\$	(751,688)

#### Note 10 - Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets consisted of the following as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

<b>Description</b> Deco		Balance ecember 31, 2016		Balance December 31, 2015	
Net investment in capital assets:					
Restricted – cash and cash equivalents – revenue bond proceeds for construction	\$	403,920	\$	1,191,266	
Capital assets – not being depreciated		8,208,610		7,961,504	
Capital assets, net – being depreciated		145,815,301		146,985,060	
Deferred loss on debt defeasance, net		2,478,516		2,635,209	
Capital lease payable – current		(47,286)		(184,459)	
Loan payable – current		(1,115,453)		(1,082,553)	
Revenue bonds payable – current		(495,000)		(475,000)	
Capital lease payable		-		(47,286)	
Loan payable – current		(7,462,288)		(8,577,741)	
Revenue bonds payable, net		(44,446,937)		(45,044,066)	
Total net investment in capital assets	\$	103,339,383	\$	103,361,934	

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 11 - Unrestricted (Deficit) Net Position

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District has an unrestricted net position deficit of (\$8,596,552) and (\$6,946,757). Due to the nature of the deficit from the implementation of GASB No. 68/71 in fiscal year 2015, the District will continue to make its actuarial determined contributions to CalPERS and annually review its outstanding net pension obligation funding requirements for future periods to reduce the deficit position.

**Note 12 – Prior Period Adjustment** 

Description		Balance
Net position as of January 1, 2015 – as previously reported	\$	105,637,337
Net pension liability – GASB No. 68/71 implementation		(5,293,506)
Pension contributions made after the measurement date		829,309
Difference between actual and proportionate share of employer contributions		49,895
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		(1,736,216)
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		(77,048)
Total prior period adjustments		(6,227,566)
Net position as of January 1, 2015 – as restated	\$	99,409,771

With the implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 in fiscal year 2015, the District was required to record a prior period adjustment of (\$6,227,566) to establish the net pension liability as of December 31, 2014 of (\$5,293,506) net of the employer contributions to pension plan made after the measurement date of \$829,309 and the changes in employer contributions and differences between proportionate share of pension expense of \$49,895 less the recognized net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments of \$(1,736,216) and the recognized portion of adjustment due to differences in proportions of \$(77,048) as prescribed by GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 accounting standards. (See Note 9 for further information on the net pension liability.)

#### Note 13 - Deferred Compensation Savings Plan

For the benefit of its employees, the District participates in a 457 Deferred Compensation Program. The purpose of this Program is to provide deferred compensation for public employees that elect to participate in the Program. Generally, eligible employees may defer receipt of a portion of their salary until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Until the funds are paid or otherwise made available to the employee, the employee is not obligated to report the deferred salary for income tax purposes.

Federal law requires deferred compensation assets to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants. Accordingly, the District is in compliance with this legislation. Therefore, these assets are not the legal property of the District, and are not subject to claims of the District's general creditors.

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. Since the District has little administrative involvement and does not perform the investing function for this plan, the assets and related liabilities are not shown on the accompanying financial statements.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 14 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Association of California Water Agencies/Joint Powers Insurance Authority (ACWA/JPIA), an intergovernmental risk sharing joint powers authority created to provide self-insurance programs for California water agencies. The purpose of the ACWA/JPIA is to arrange and administer programs of self-insured losses and to purchase the appropriate amount of insurance coverage. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District participated in the self-insured Liability, Property and Worker's Compensation insurance programs provided by ACWA/Joint Powers Insurance Authority through AON Risk Insurance Services West, Inc. as follows:

#### General and Auto Liability

Each member limits of \$60 million per occurrence for auto and general liability coverage. The program protects the member agencies against third-party claims for bodily injury and property damage. The following coverages are also included:

- · Personal Injury
- Errors and Omissions
- Products Hazard
- Inverse Condemnation

- Employment Practices
- Broadened Pollution
- Failure to Supply Water
- Care, Custody & Control

#### **Property**

Each member Special Form Property Coverage including coverage for buildings, personal property, fixed equipment, mobile equipment, and licensed vehicles. Member agencies have various deductible selections. Boiler and Machinery Coverage is also included.

The following is an overview of the program:

- Real Property, Fixed Equipment, Personal Property at replacement cost
- Crime Coverage-up to \$100,000 Public Employee Dishonesty and Computer Fraud
- Terrorism Coverage-up to \$100 million per occurrence for property damage caused by act declared to involve Terrorism
- \$10 million Accounts Receivables for the amount of accounts uncollectible due to a covered loss
- \$100,000 Catastrophic coverage for vehicles

#### Worker's Compensation

Each member is covered for bodily injury by accident, \$2 million each accident, or bodily injury by disease, \$2 million each employee, including death, of employee arising out of and in the course of employment.

In addition, the District since August 2014 continued a separate policy with underwriters at Landmark American Insurance Company for commercial earthquake/business income interruption insurance. This insurance was purchased to safeguard the District in case of a major earthquake until disaster relief funds are made available by state and federal agencies. This policy has provisions as follows:

- The loss limit is \$9,284,980 per occurrence and in the annual aggregate.
- Deductible is 5% of values per unit of insurance subject to \$25,000 minimum per occurrence.
- Coverage for 2029 East Avenue Q location is \$2.891 million building limit and \$393,120 contents, including \$6 million business income.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### Note 14 – Risk Management (Continued)

Settled claims have not exceeded any of the coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years and there were no reductions in the District's insurance coverage during the years ending December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014. Liabilities are recorded when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated net of the respective insurance coverage. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). There were no IBNR claims payable as of December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014.

#### Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies

#### State Water Contract

Estimates of the District's share of the project fixed costs of the State Water Project (SWP) are provided annually by the State. The estimates are subject to future increases or decreases resulting from changes in planned facilities, refinements in cost estimates and inflation. During the next five years payments under the State Water Contract, exclusive of variable power costs, are currently estimated by the State to be as follows:

Fiscal Year	Amount		
2016	\$	6,403,865	
2017		6,964,246	
2018		7,054,106	
2019		7,119,107	
2020		7.048.728	

As of December 31, 2016, the District has expended approximately \$101,313,463 since the District started participating in the State Water Contract.

According to the State's latest estimates, the District's long-term obligations under the contract, for capital and minimum operations and maintenance costs, including interest to the year 2035, are as follows:

Type of Long-Term Obligation	Amount	
State Water Project Contract:		
Transportation facilities	\$	100,186,916
Delta water charges		27,874,349
Off-aqueduct power facilities		103,120
Revenue bond surcharge		5,565,860
Total	\$	133,730,245

# Palmdale Water District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

#### Note 15 – Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

#### Bay/Delta Regulatory and Planning Activities

The State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) is the agency responsible for setting water quality standards and administering water rights throughout California. Decisions of the State Board can affect the availability of water to the District and other water users by means of public proceedings leading to regulations and decisions. In 1995, the State Board adopted a Water Quality Control Plan establishing water quality standards and flow improvements in the Bay/Delta watershed. In August 2000, the California Federal (CALFED) Bay/Delta Program Record of Decision (Decision) was approved with mandates to improve water quality, enhance water supply reliability, augment ecosystem restoration, and assure long-term protection for Delta levees. During its first three years, CALFED has invested more than \$2.0 billion in hundreds of local and regional projects to meet these program goals. In May 2004, a Delta Improvement Package was proposed to facilitate implementation of the Decision. Funding is expected to be provided by state and federal appropriations and contributions from local users, including the District. CALFED's objective is to allocate project costs based on beneficiaries pay policy, that is new costs commensurate with benefits received. At this time, the exact allocation of costs between the federal, state, and local users has not been determined, and therefore, the District cannot estimate the extent of timing of its contributions at this time.

#### **Construction Contracts**

The District has a variety of agreements with private parties relating to the installation, improvement or modification of water facilities and distribution systems within its service area. The financing of such construction contracts is being provided primarily from the District's replacement reserves and advances for construction. The District has committed to approximately \$1,563,786 to complete the open construction contracts as of December 31, 2016. These include the following:

Project Description	Cost of Project to Date			mated Costs Complete	Total Expect Project Cos	
Sediment removal - Littlerock Dam	\$	1,807,482	\$	148,000	\$	1,955,482
Palmdale Regional Groundwater Recharge Project		2,274,315		295,000		2,569,315
Upper Armargosa Recharge Project		129,215	-	1,120,786		1,250,001
Construction-in-process	\$	4,211,012	\$	1,563,786	\$	5,774,798

#### Other Litigation

In the ordinary course of operations, the District is subject to claims and litigation from outside parties. Nevertheless, after consultation with legal counsel, the District believes that these actions, when finally concluded and determined are not likely to have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Plan's Net Pension Liability For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous Plan

Measurement Date:	June 30, 2016 <sup>1</sup>		Jui	ne 30, 2015 <sup>1</sup>
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.100374%		0.098019%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	8,685,489	\$	6,727,908
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	6,778,010	\$	6,377,315
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		128.14%		105.50%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability		74.06%		78.40%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB No. 68 is applicable.

#### Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the District's Contributions to the Pension Plan For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous Plan

Contributions for the Years Ending		Dec. 31, 2016 <sup>1</sup>		Dec. 31, 2015 <sup>1</sup>		Dec. 31, 2014 <sup>1</sup>	
Actuarially Determined Contribution <sup>2</sup> Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution <sup>2</sup>	\$	914,747 (914,747)	\$	819,205 (819,205)	\$	805,370 (805,370)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	_	\$	_	\$		
District"s Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	6,589,909	\$	6,497,710	\$	5,907,552	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		13.88%		12.61%		13.63%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB No. 68 is applicable.

#### **Notes to the Schedule:**

Change in Benefit Terms: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2013 as they have minimal cost impact. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions (which is the actuarially determined contribution). However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their side-fund or their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plan exceed the actuarial determined contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as *side-funds* are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Covered-Employee Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB No. 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll-related ratios.

# Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date	Val Plan	narial ue of Assets a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
Dec 31, 2014	\$		\$ 25,778,850	\$ 25,778,850	0.00%	\$ 7,010,439	367.72%
Dec 31, 2010	\$	_	\$ 16,234,820	\$ 16,234,820	0.00%	\$ 6,547,188	247.97%
Dec 31, 2008	\$		\$ 4,497,022	\$ 4,497,022	0.00%	\$ 6,311,893	71.25%

#### **Notes to the Schedule:**

Funding progress is presented for the year(s) that an actuarial study has been prepared since the effective date of GASB Statement 45. Actuarial review and analysis of the post-employment benefits liability and funding status is performed every two years or annually, if there are significant changes in the plan. The next scheduled actuarial review and analysis of the post-employment benefits liability and funding status will be performed in fiscal year 2017, based on the year ending December 31, 2016.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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### Palmdale Water District Schedules of Debt Service Net Revenues Coverage

### For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

Total revenues:	2016	2015
Operating revenues	\$ 22,586,801	\$ 21,248,419
Non-operating revenues	7,894,507	8,179,877
Capital contributions - capital improvement fees and grants	541,662	367,481
Total revenues	31,022,970	29,795,777
Total expenses:		
Operating expenses before depreciation expense	22,704,309	20,319,286
Non-operating expenses	4,574,111	4,309,429
Less debt service items:		
Interest expense – long-term debt	(2,211,323)	(2,234,905)
Total non-operating expenses adjusted for debt service items	2,362,788	2,074,524
	25,067,097	22,393,810
Net revenues available for debt service	\$ 5,955,873	\$ 7,401,967
Debt service for the fiscal year	\$ 3,909,338	\$ 3,912,369
Debt service net revenues coverage ratio	152%	189%